

Price Stability and Growth in Turkey

Erdem BAŞÇI Governor Central Bank of the Republic of Turkey

February 9, 2015 IIF Conference, İstanbul

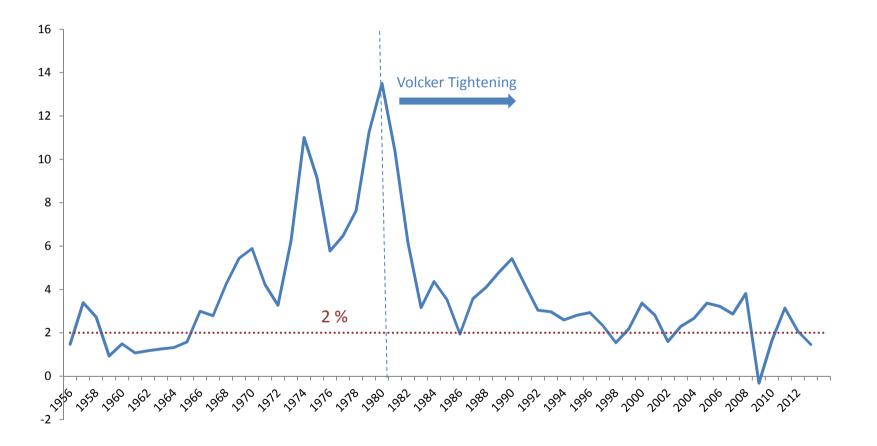
Overview

- Both high inflation and deflation are detrimental to growth.
- The best contribution to growth from a central bank would be to maintain price stability.
- Reforms in human capital, labor market, technology, innovation and physical infrastructure are going to boost the growth potential in Turkey.



Annual Inflation in the US

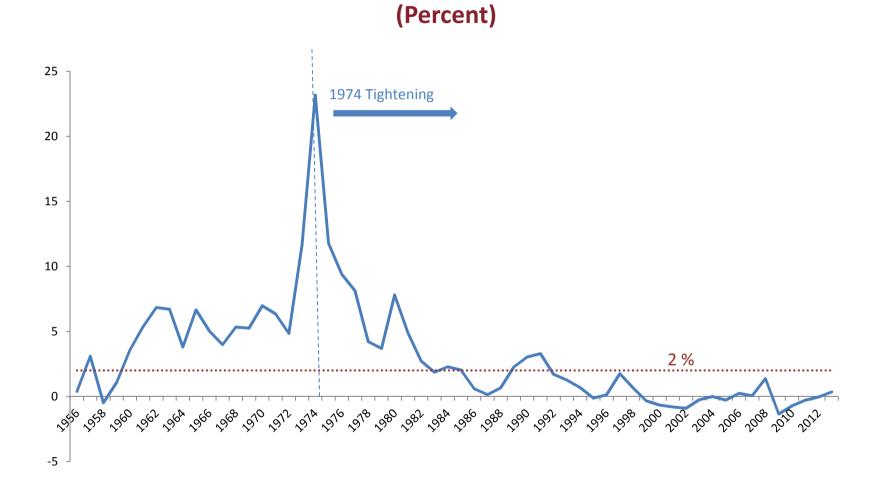
(Percent)



Source: FRED



Annual Inflation in Japan

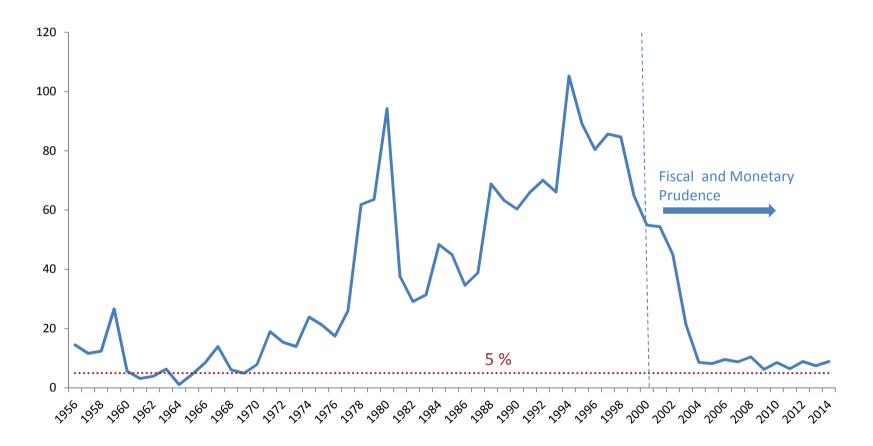


Source: FRED



Annual Inflation in Turkey

(Percent)

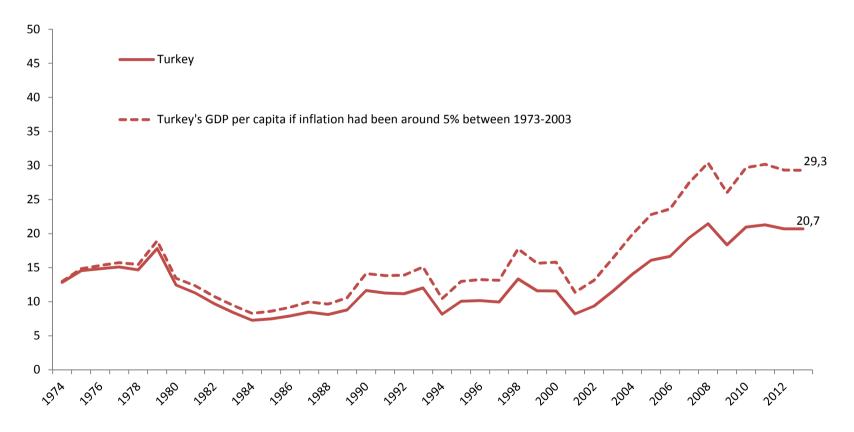


Source: FRED



The Cost of Inflation: A Counterfactual for Turkey*

Per Capita Income with Respect to the US (Percent)



*Average inflation in Turkey between 1973 and 2003 is 54.5 percent. According to growth regressions every 10 percentage points higher inflation leads to a reduction in GDP growth rate by 0.25 percentage points on average.

Source: UN, CBRT.

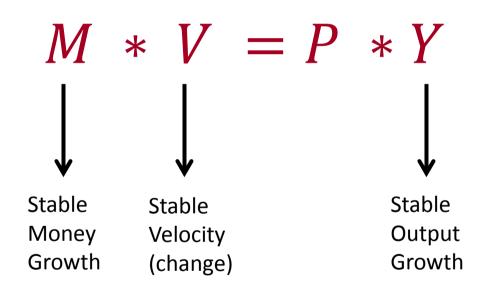


What's wrong with a deflation?

- Complications in using nominal interest rates.
- Zero lower bound?
- Negative nominal interest rates?
- > How negative?
- > Will it be enough to raise inflation expectations?
- Channels of transmission?



Requirements for Price Stability





Control of Money and Credit Growth

- 1. Macroprudential Measures (especially to tighten)
- 2. Quantitative Easing
- 3. Interest Rates (Including negative territory)



A stable output growth,

Turkish GDP (Seasonally Adjusted, Natural Logarithm)

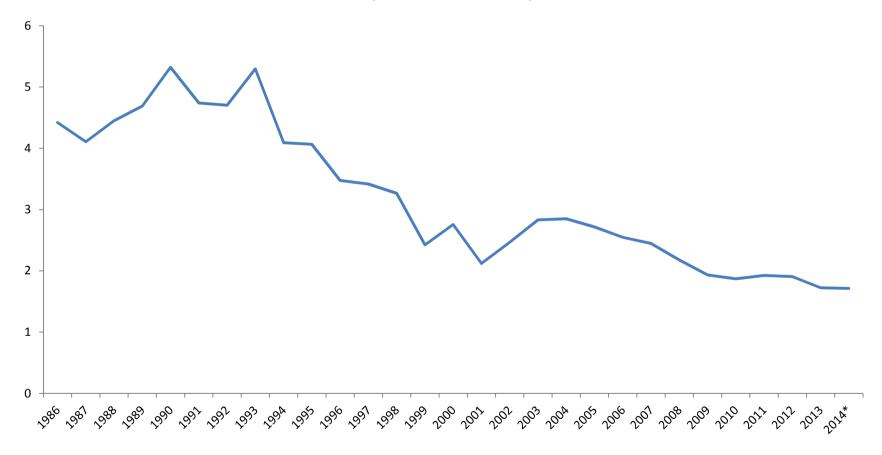


Source: TURKSTAT, CBRT.



... a stable velocity change,

Velocity of M2 in Turkey (Nominal GDP/M2)



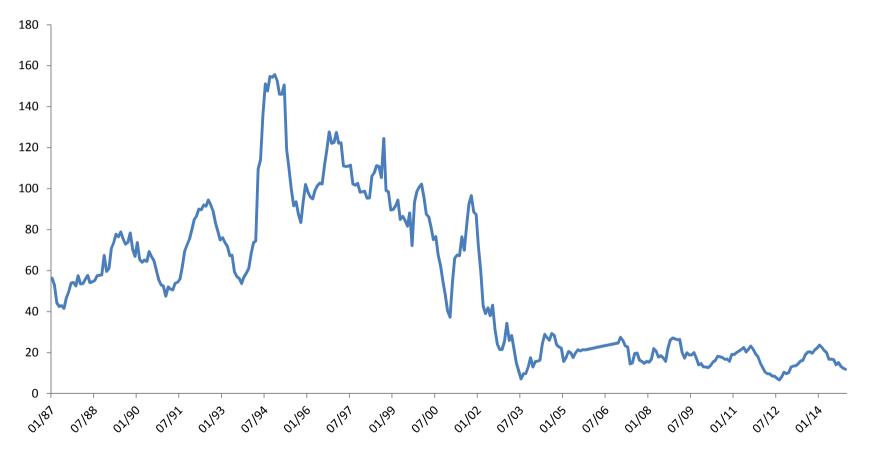
Source: TURKSTAT, CBRT.

TÜRKİYE CUMHURİYET MERKEZ BANKASI * As of 2014 Q3.

... a stable money growth,

M2 Money Growth in Turkey

(Annual Percentage Change)



Source: TURKSTAT, CBRT.

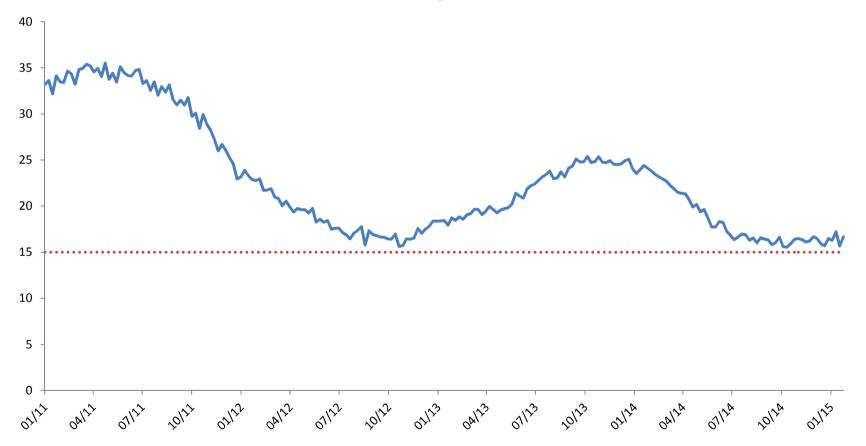
Last Observation: December 2014.



... driven by a sustainable credit growth,

Total Credit* Growth Rate in Turkey

(YoY Change, Percent)



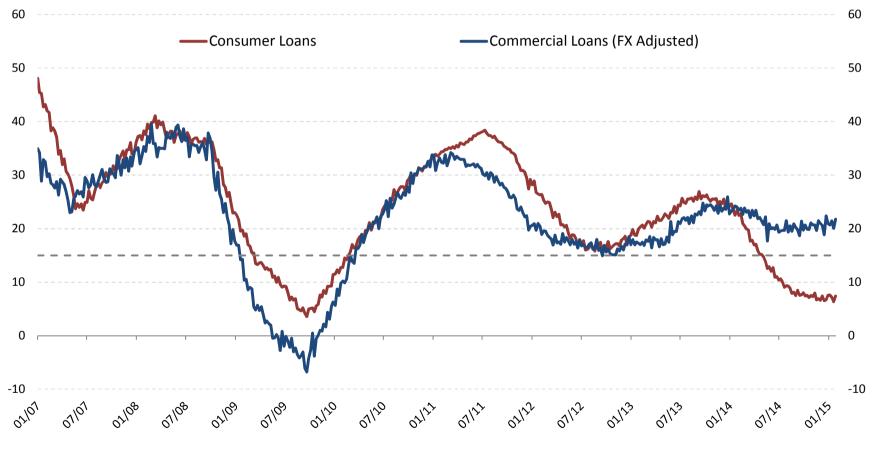
* Total banking sector (including participation banks, excluding NPLs) , including credit cards, FX adjusted. Last Observation: January 30, 2015

Source: CBRT.



... which favors production over consumption,

Consumer* and Commercial Credit Growth Rates in Turkey (YoY Change, Percent)



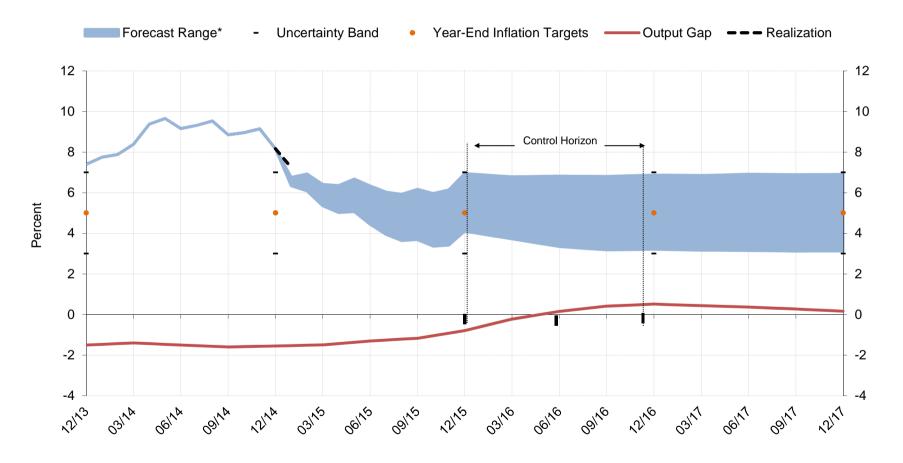
* Total banking sector (including participation banks, excluding NPLs), including credit cards, FX adjusted. Last Observation: January 30, 2015

Source: CBRT.



... are the main drivers of disinflation in Turkey.

Inflation and Output Gap Forecasts for Turkey (Percent)



* Shaded area indicates the 70 percent confidence interval for the forecast.



Real Pillars of Growth Strategy in Turkey

- i. Human Capital and Labor Market
- ii. Technology and Innovation
- iii. Physical Infrastructure



Summary

- Both high inflation and deflation are detrimental to growth.
- The best contribution to growth from a central bank would be to maintain price stability.
- Reforms in human capital, labor market, technology, innovation and physical infrastructure are going to boost the growth potential in Turkey.





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