

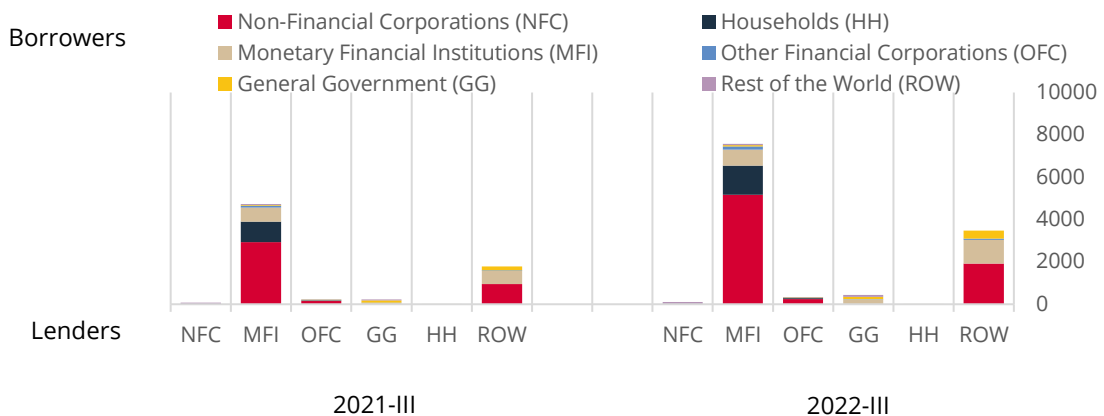
## II. From-Whom-to-Whom (Deposits and Loans)

Below is the breakdown of relations among economic sectors compiled as deposits and loans according to from-whom-to-whom matrices.

From-whom-to-whom matrices of loans indicate no major change in inter-sectoral connections in 2022Q3 compared to the same period of the previous year. The strongest connection occurred between non-financial corporations and monetary and financial institutions. The latter extended a total of TRY 7,573 billion worth of loans, of which TRY 5,172 billion was granted to non-financial corporations and TRY 1,371 billion to households. Domestic sectors borrowed TRY 3,478 billion from the rest of the world, out of which non-financial corporations received TRY 1,916 billion, and monetary and financial institutions received TRY 1,125 billion (Chart 5).

In 2022Q3, of the total TRY 14,142 billion worth of deposits, TRY 11,985 billion were taken by monetary and financial institutions and TRY 2,157 billion by the rest of the world. A large portion of deposits taken by monetary and financial institutions belongs to households (TRY 4,357 billion), non-financial corporations (TRY 2,501 billion), and other monetary and financial institutions (TRY 2,122 billion). Meanwhile, the majority of deposits taken by the rest of the world (TRY 1,836 billion) were opened by monetary and financial institutions (Chart 6).

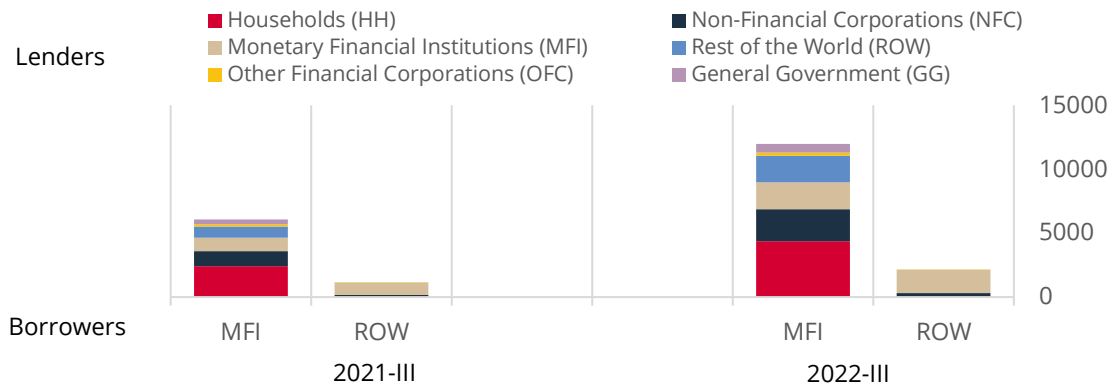
**Chart 5: Loans, From-Whom-to-Whom (TRY Billion)**



Source: CBRT

Last Observation: 2022-III

**Chart 6: Deposits, From-Whom-to-Whom (TRY Billion)**



Source: CBRT

Last Observation: 2022-III