

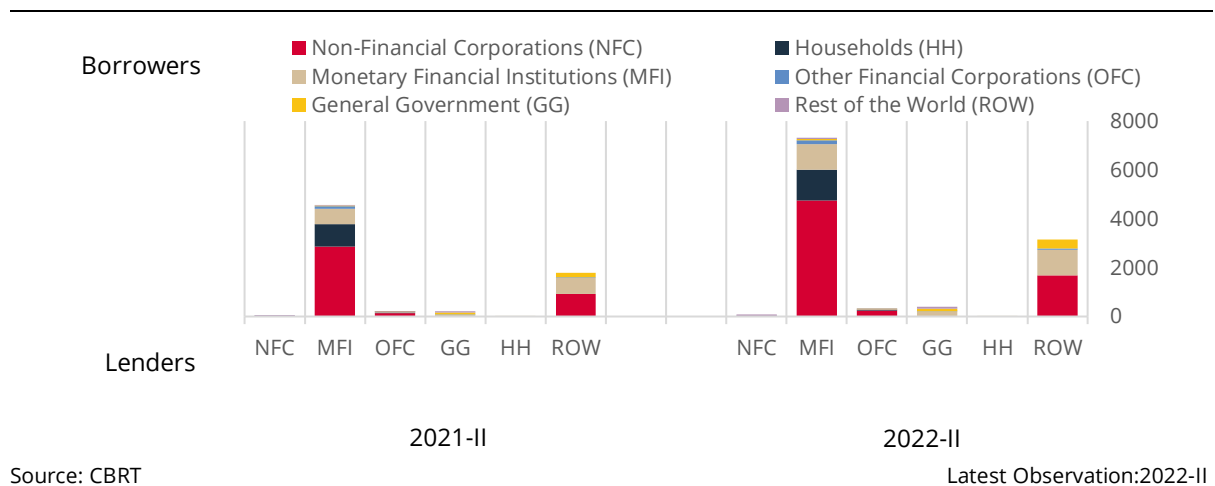
II. From-Whom-to-Whom (Deposits and Loans)

Below is the breakdown of relations among economic sectors compiled as deposits and loans according to from-whom-to-whom matrices.

From-whom-to-whom matrices of loans indicate no major change in inter-sectoral connections in 2022Q2 compared to the same period of the previous year. The strongest connection occurred between non-financial corporations and monetary and financial institutions. The latter extended a total of TRY 7,312 billion worth of loans, of which TRY 4,763 billion was granted to non-financial corporations and TRY 1,252 billion to households. Domestic sectors borrowed TRY 3,142 billion from the rest of the world, out of which non-financial corporations received TRY 1,675 billion, and monetary and financial institutions received TRY 1,056 billion (Chart 5).

In 2022Q2, out of total TRY 12,298 billion worth of deposits, TRY 10,563 billion were taken by monetary and financial institutions and TRY 1,735 billion by the rest of the world. A large portion of deposits taken by monetary and financial institutions belongs to households (TRY 3,834 billion), non-financial corporations (TRY 2,077 billion) and other monetary and financial institutions (TRY 1,945 billion). Meanwhile, the majority of deposits taken by the rest of the world (TRY 1,453 billion) were opened by monetary and financial institutions (Chart 6).

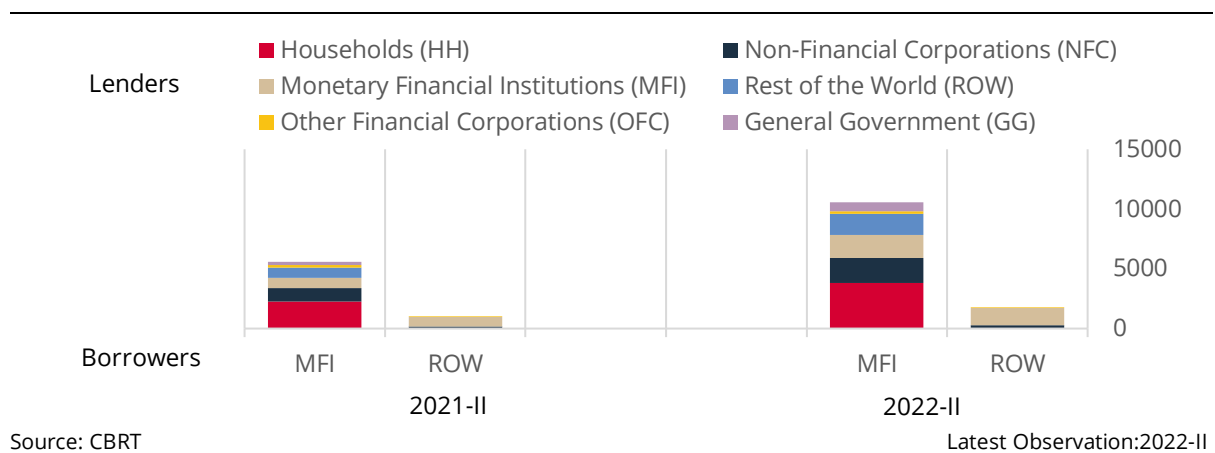
Chart 5: Loans, From-Whom-to-Whom (TRY Billion)



Source: CBRT

Latest Observation:2022-II

Chart 6: Deposits, From-Whom-to-Whom (TRY Billion)



Source: CBRT

Latest Observation:2022-II